Volunteer Geographic Information: How Crowdsourced Data is Helping to Map the Spread of Brown Marmorated Stink Bug

> Noel Hahn, Alex Kaufman, George Hamilton Department of Entomology Rutgers University



# Background

### Brown marmorated stink bug (Halyomorpha halys)

- Major agricultural pest
- Nuisance pest

### Citizen science/crowd-sourced data

### Mapping

### Boucher's Birding Blog: Apps for the Smart Birder – Which One Should You Use?

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We're pleased to return Salmon Carn, a live view of spawning Chinook and coho salmon and steelhead trout.

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noun 1. Blog where Nature Conservancy scientists, science writers and external experts discuss and debate how conservation can meet the challenges of a 9 billion + planet.

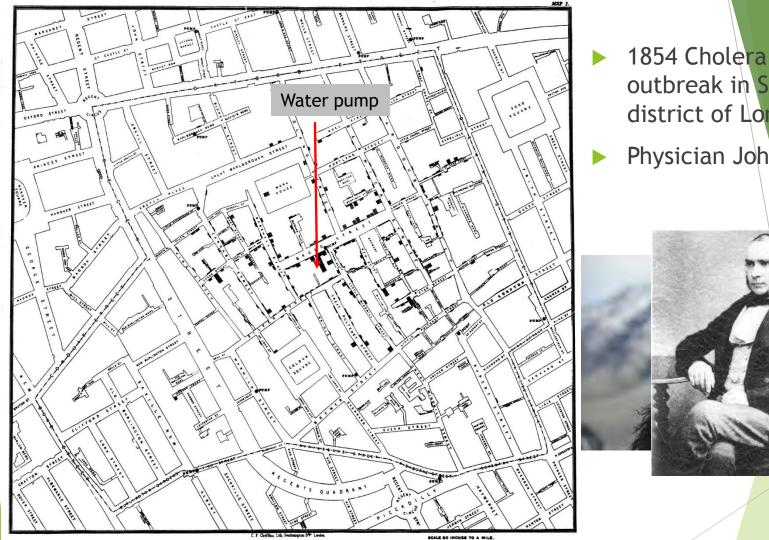
2. Blog with astonishing photos, videos and dispatches of Nature Conservancy science in the field.

3. Home of Weird Nature, The Cooler, Quick Study, Traveling Naturalist and other amazing features.

Cool Green Science is managed by Matt Miller, the Conservancy's deputy director for science communications, and edited by Bob Lalasz, its director of science communications. Email us your feedback.

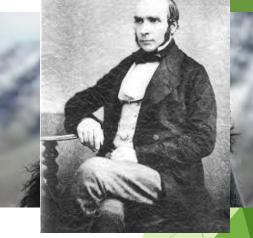
# Background

- Brown marmorated stink bug (Halyomorpha halys)
  - Major agricultural pest
  - Nuisance pest
- Citizen science/crowd-sourced data
- Mapping



1854 Cholera outbreak in Soho district of London

Physician John Snow



# **Objectives**

- Utilize mapping to visualize crowdsourced reports of brown marmorated stink bug (BMSB)
- Map trap capture data of BMSB
- Compare trap capture data to the number of crowd-sourced reports per month

# Materials and Methods

#### Commercial Agriculture

Environment & Natural Resources

Fisheries & Aquaculture

Food, Nutrition & Health

Home, Lawn & Garden

Youth, Community & Economic Development

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### Monitoring for the Brown Marmorated Stink Bug

#### How to Identify the Brown Marmorated Stink Bug

The Brown Marmorated Stink Bug is a significant nuisance for homeowners and can be devastating for farmers. Since its accidental introduction to the US from Asia in 1996, Rutgers NJAES Pest Management Teams have been tracking, studying, and formulating management plans to combat this pest.

Beginning in late May and early June you may find stink bugs emerging to feed on a wide range of fruits, vegetables, and other plants. You may find them on your house siding or inside your home. Learn about this important pest and the current recommendations on what you can do to combat it.

If you're not sure whether you have the Brown Marmorated Stink Bug, please see the How to Identify the Brown Marmorated Stink Bug link and then fill out the secure electronic form, which will be sent to researchers currently working on monitoring this pest. If you are able to capture a specimen, please do so in any type of container. For more information please see the Rutgers New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station (NJAES) Cooperative Extension fact sheet FS002 (PDF file).

### Invasion of the Stink Bug

Rutgers researcher George Hamilton studies stinkbugs in his laboratory in Blake Hall on the G. H. Cook Campus, and he's sure of one thing: If you have not already encountered one of these distinctive pests, you will. Soon.



#### Adult Male.

#### More Information

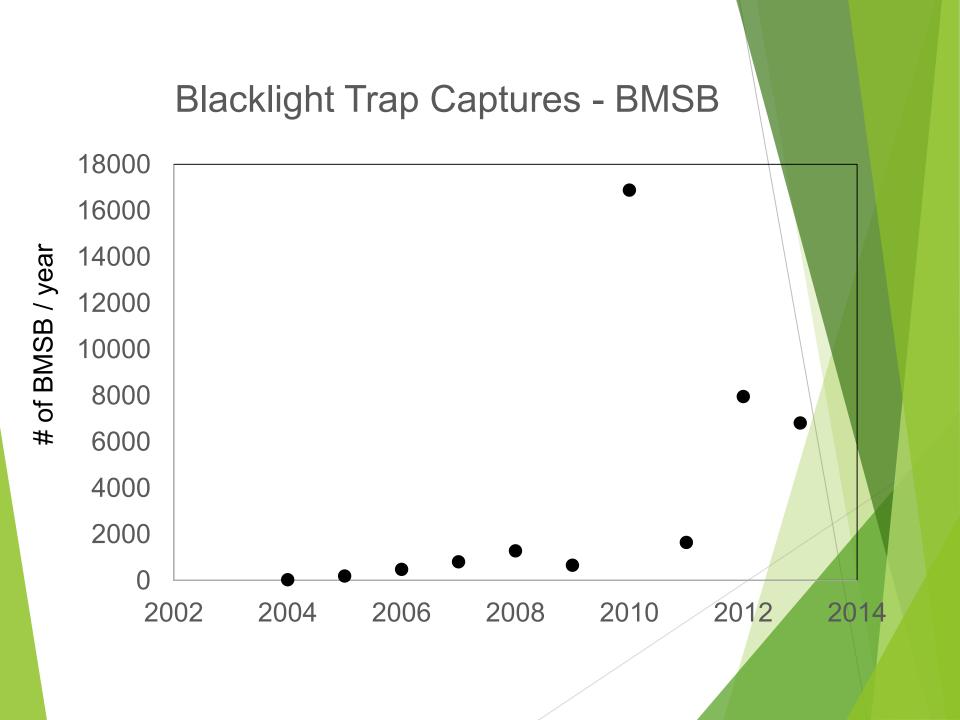
- About the Brown Marmorated Stink Bug
- How to Control the Brown Marmorated Stink Bug
- How to Identify the Brown Marmorated Stink Bug
- Similar Species
- Frequently Asked

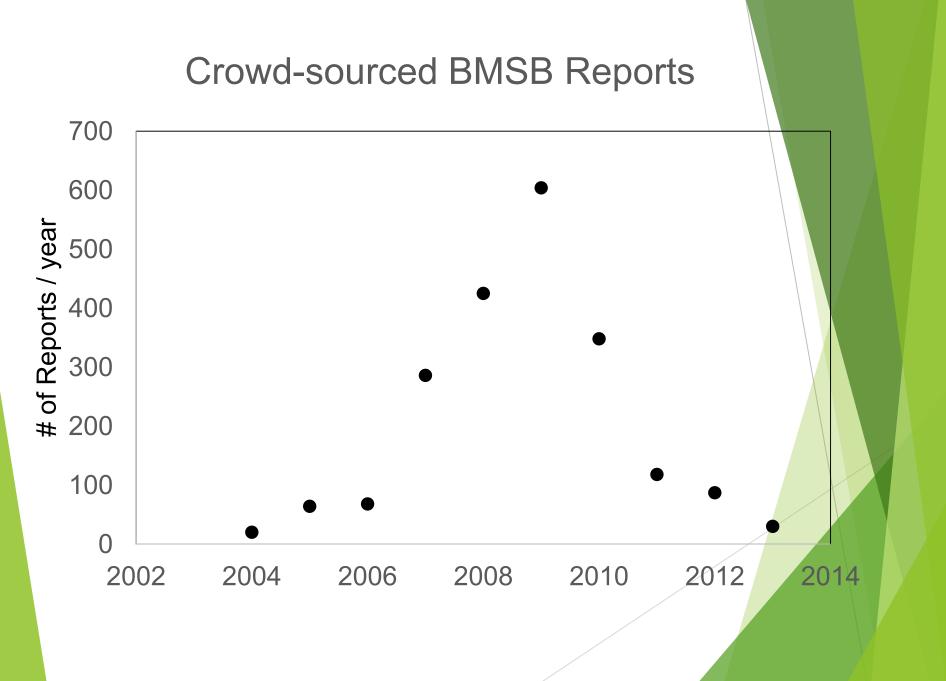
Report a Sighting

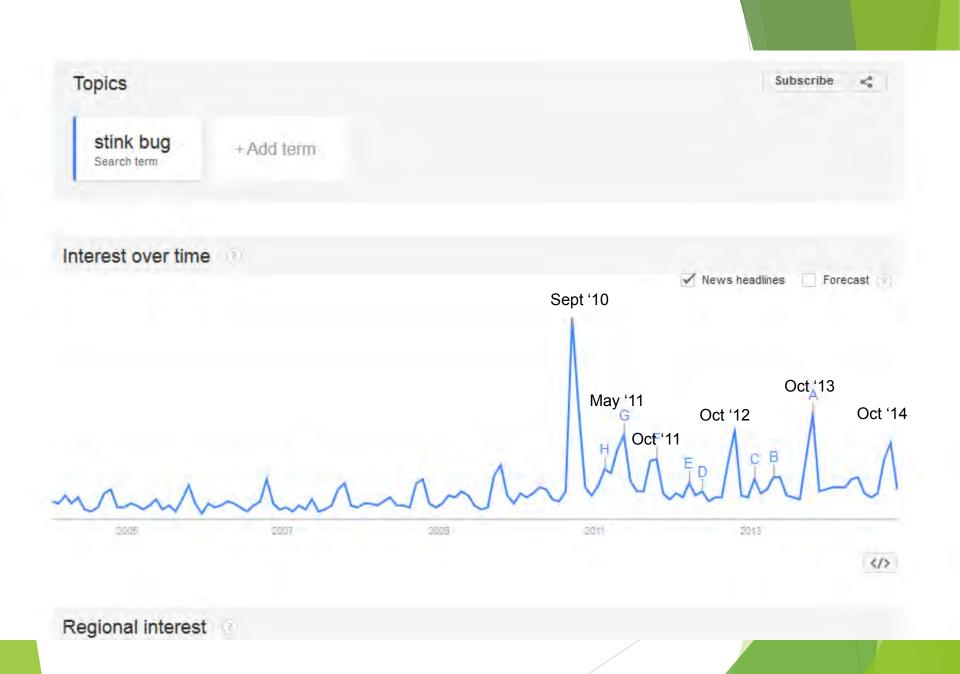
7/2014 B Crowdsource, NJDEP n and Alex Kaufman

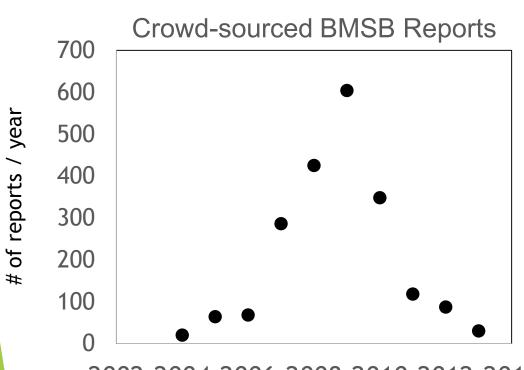


Point density

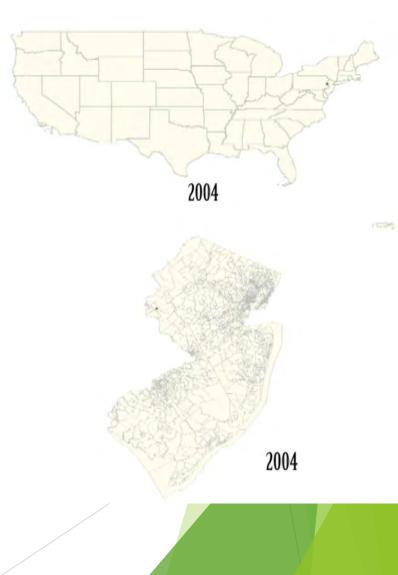


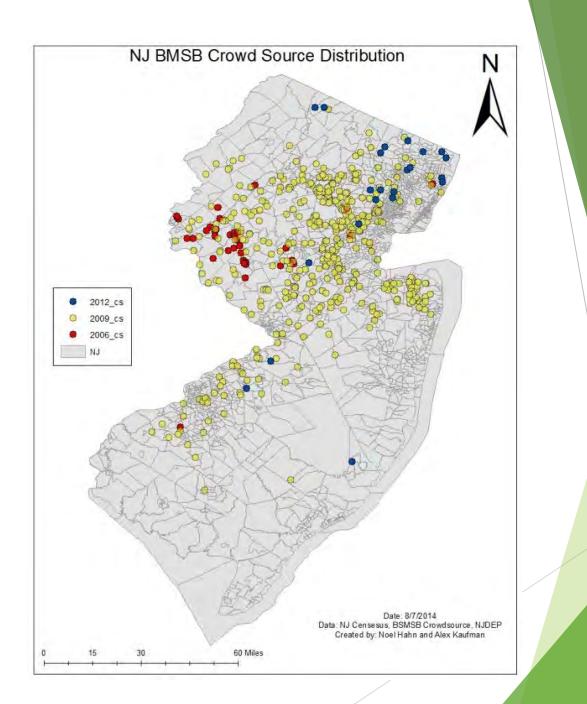


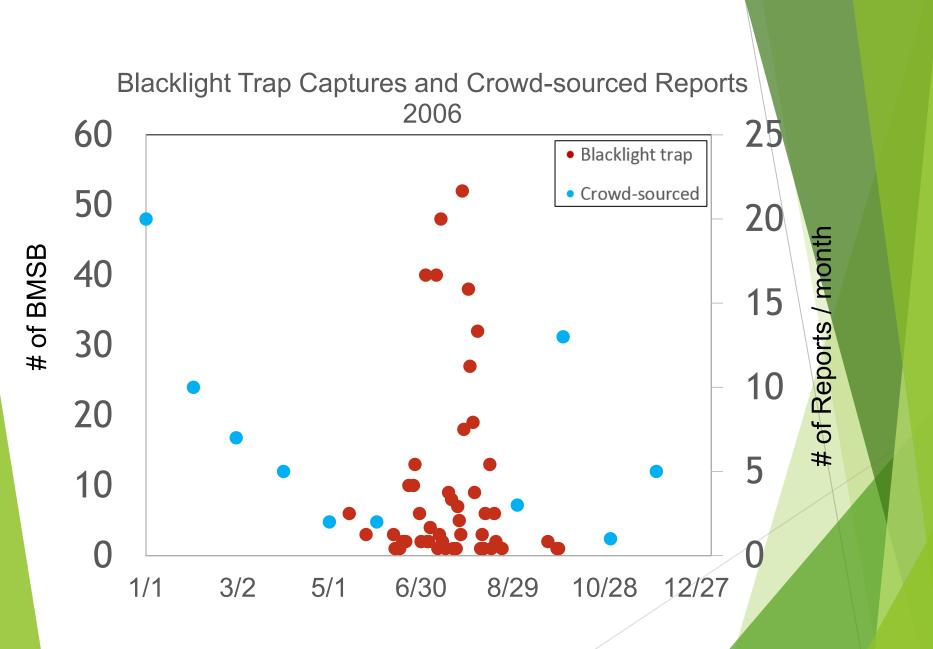


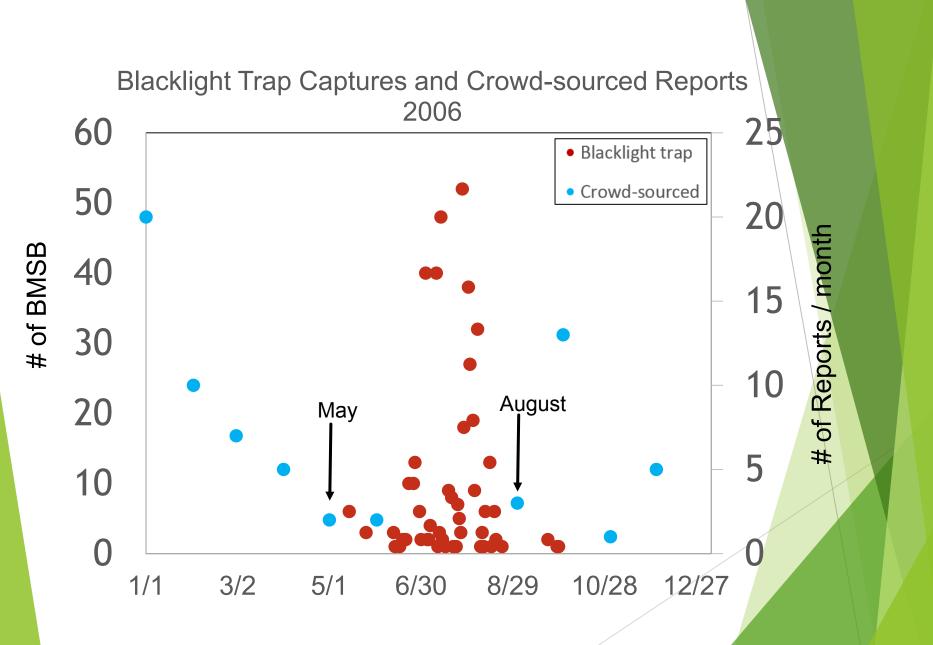


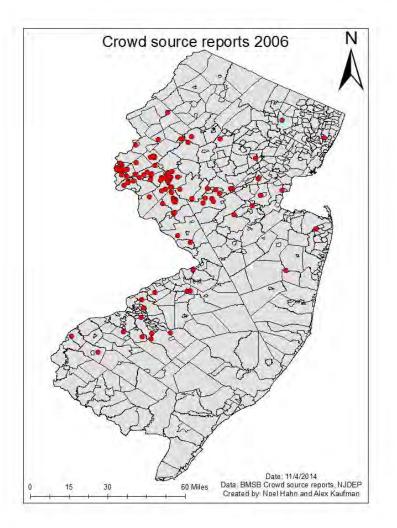


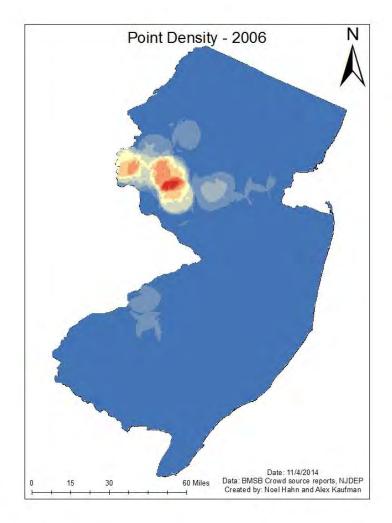


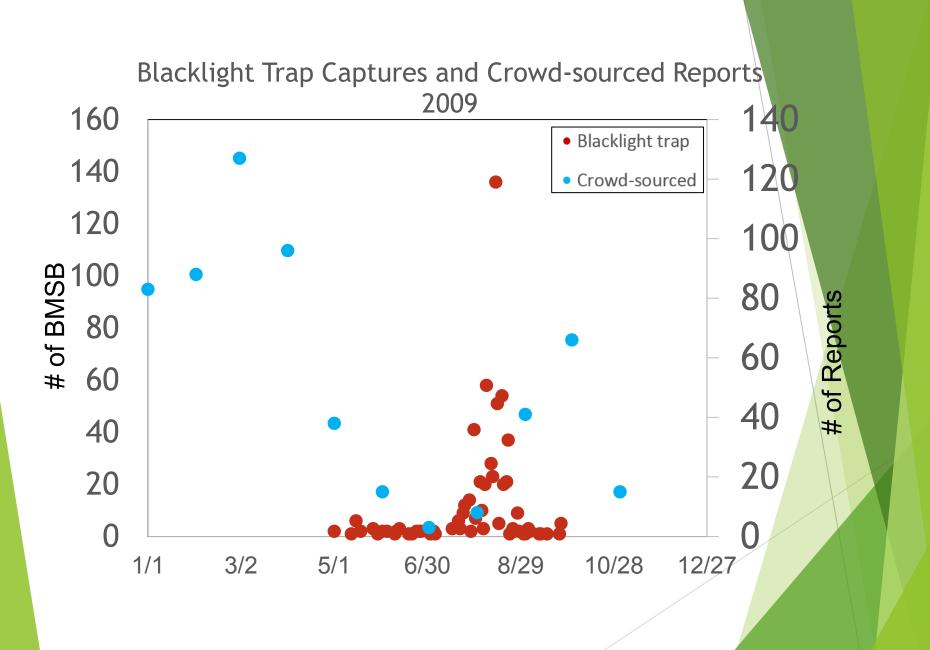


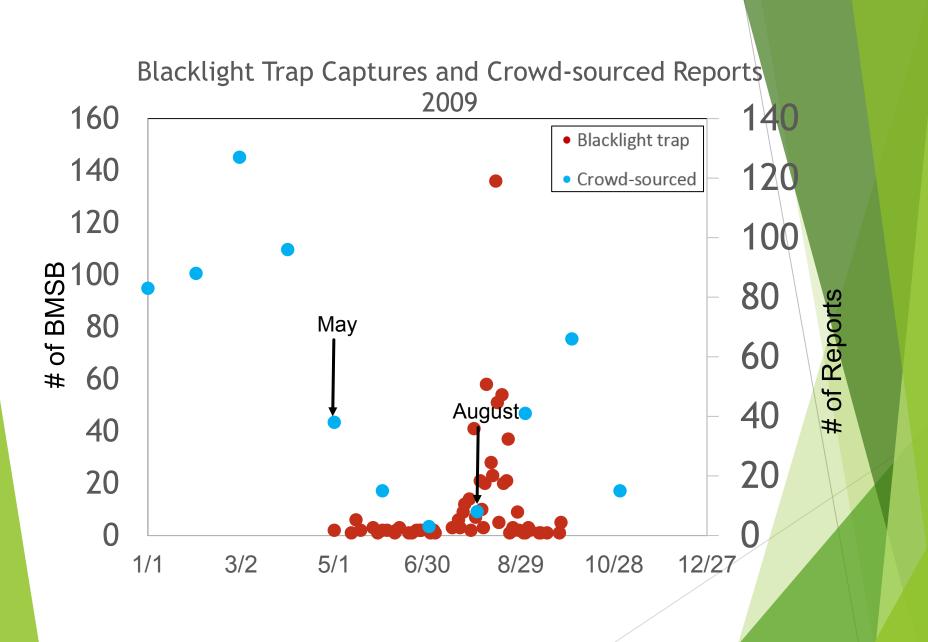


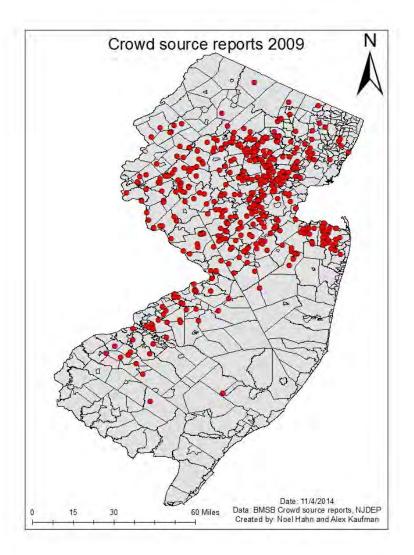


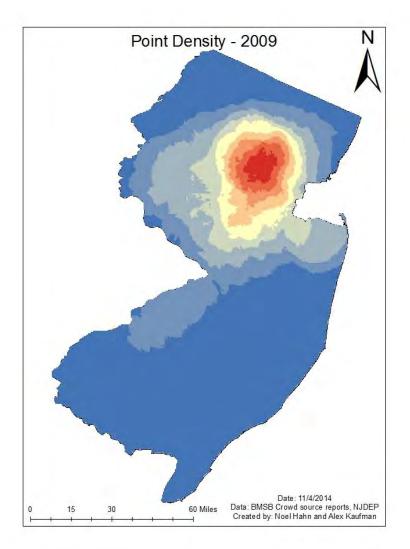


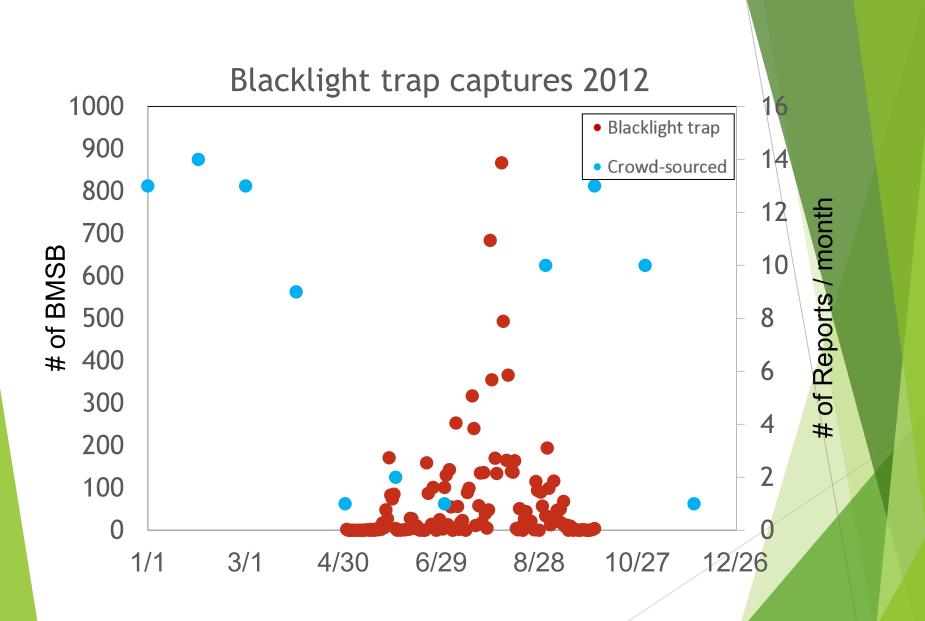


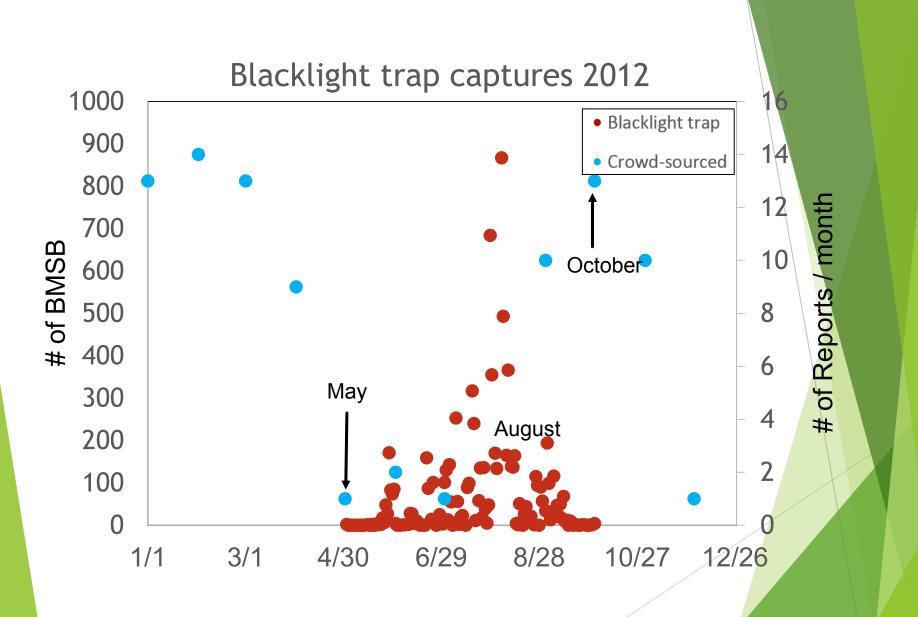


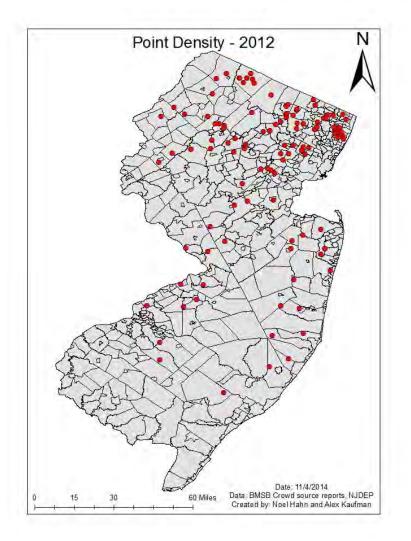


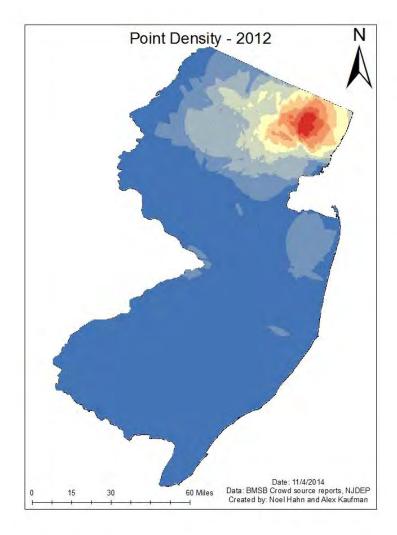












### Conclusions

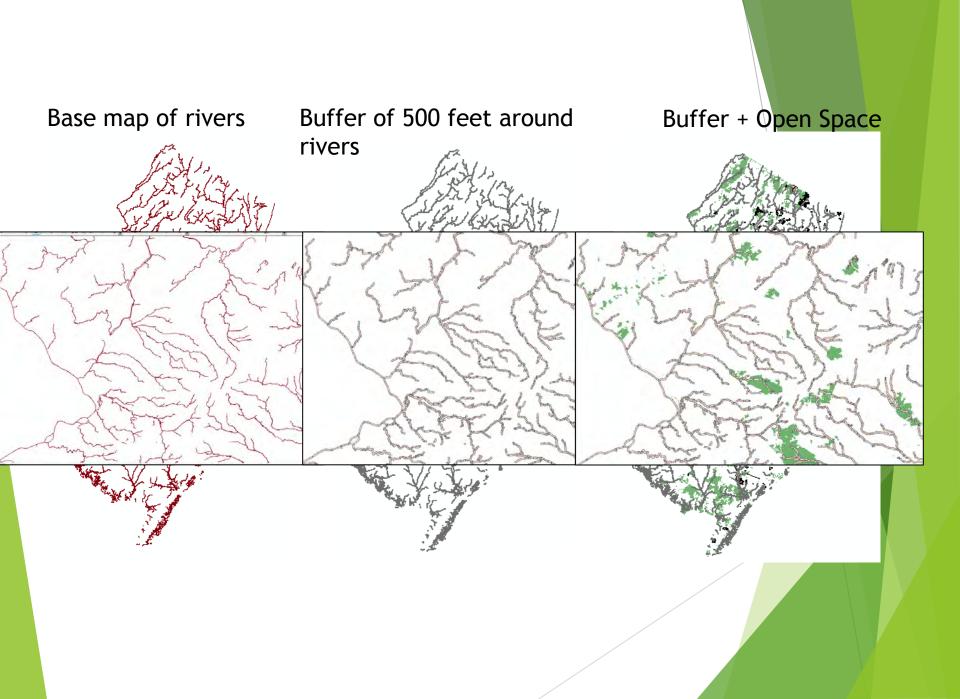
- ▶ High number of crowd-sourced reports in 2009.
- 2010 experienced a large increase in the number of BMSB found in blacklight traps.
- ► High number of reports in 2009 → high numbers of BMSB caught in blacklight traps in the summer. However, this was not the case in 2012.
- The density of reports from 2006 and 2009 were located in central/northern New Jersey, reflecting the higher density of BMSB caught in traps in those areas.

### GIS is Useful!

### Ramps (Allium tricoccum)





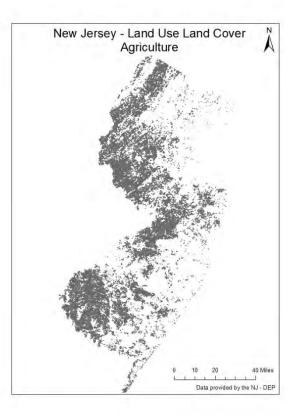


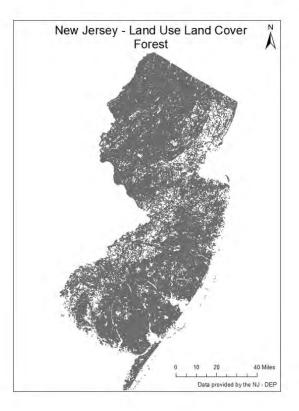


# Land Use Types and Crowdsourced Reports

- Land use/Land cover data from NJ DEP - 2007
  - Urban
  - Barren Land
  - Forest
  - Wetlands
  - Agriculture
  - Water
- Isolated Agriculture, Forest

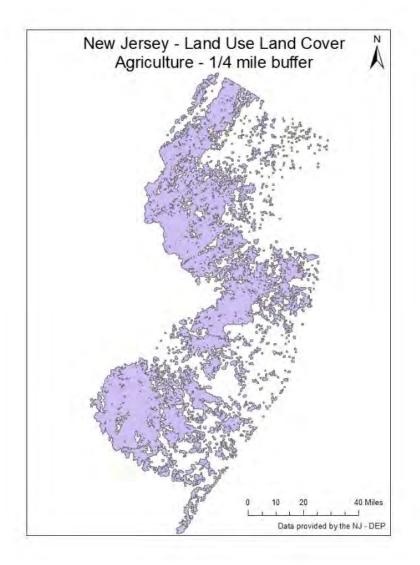
- Buffer region ¼ mile around Agriculture and Forest shapefiles
- # of reports were counted
  - Agriculture
  - Forest
  - Agriculture + ¼ mile buffer
  - ► Forest + ¼ mile buffer
- Only 2002, 2007 LU/LC data is available

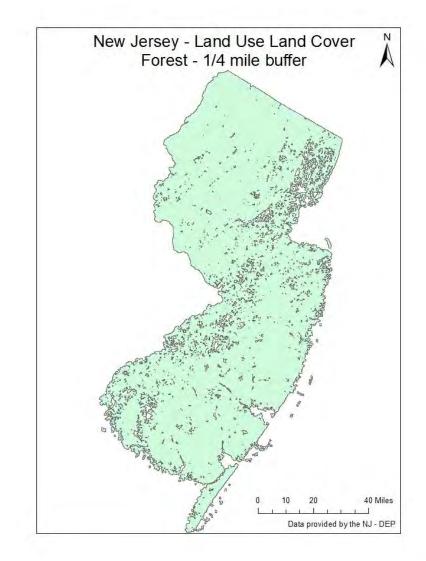


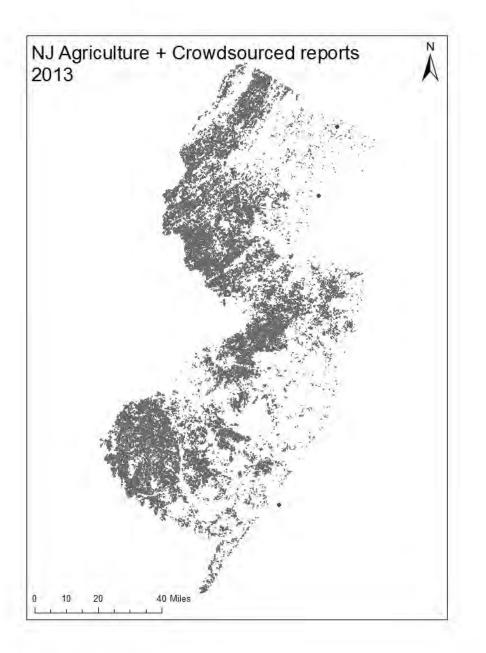




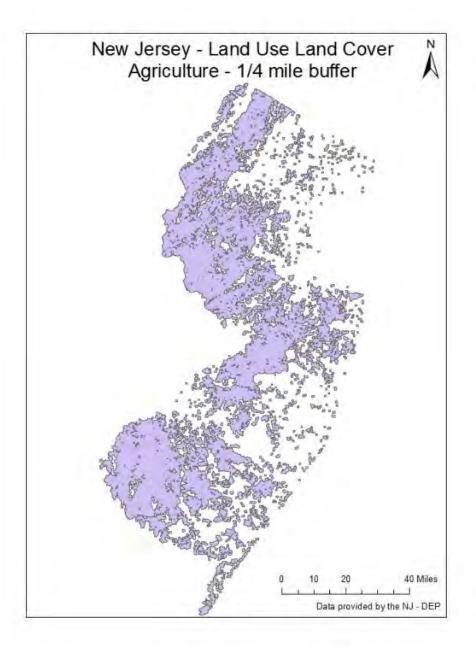




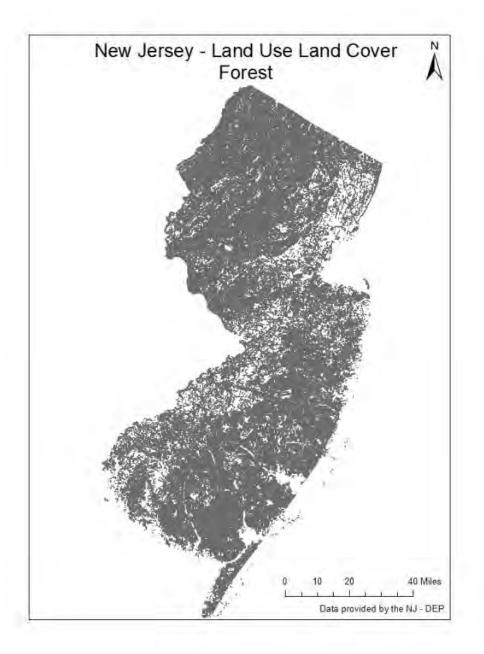




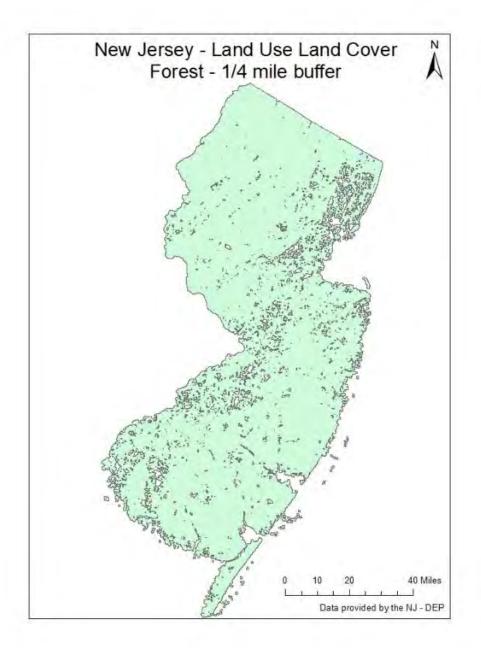
Year	# of reports	Total # of reports
2006	3	43
2007	3	188
2008	6	322
2009	9	470
2010	3	248
2011	0	58
2012	1	24
2013	0	3



# of reports	Total # of reports		
27	43		
95	188		
134	322		
175	470		
66	248		
17	58		
6	24		
0	3		
	reports 27 95 134 175 66 17 6		



Year	# of reports	Total # of reports		
2006	6	43		
2007	17	188		
2008	16	322		
2009	21	470		
2010	7	248		
2011	8	58		
2012	2	24		
2013	0	3		



Year	# of reports	Total # of reports		
2006	42	43		
2007	179	188		
2008	305	322		
2009	451	470		
2010	217	248		
2011	52	58		
2012	23	24		
2013	0	3		

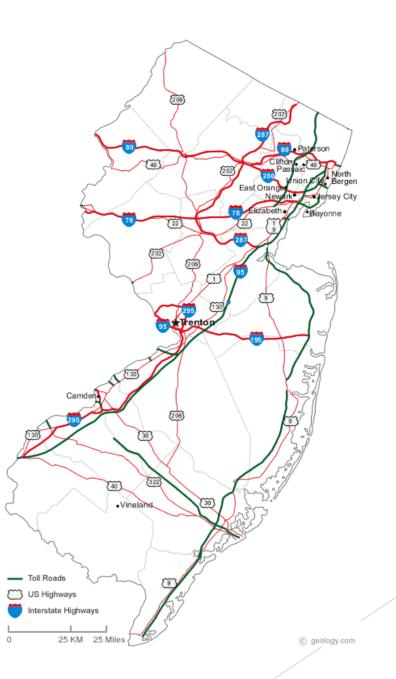
# Conclusions

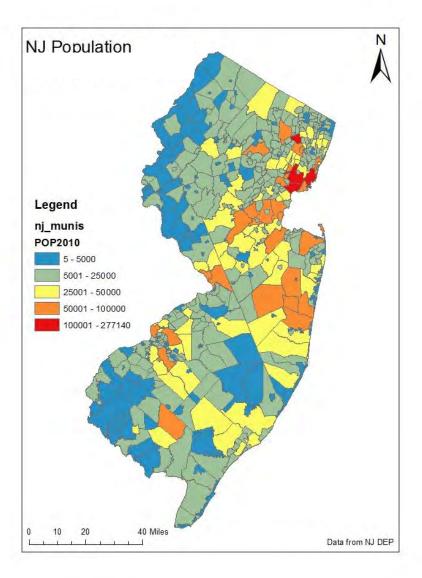
Year	Total # of reports	Ag	Forest	Ag + ¼ mile buffer	Forest + ¼ mile buffer
2006	43	3	6	27	42
2007	188	3	17	95	179
2008	322	6	16	134	305
2009	470	9	21	175	451
2010	248	3	7	66	217
2011	58	0	8	17	52
2012	24	1	2	6	23
2013	3	0	0	0	0

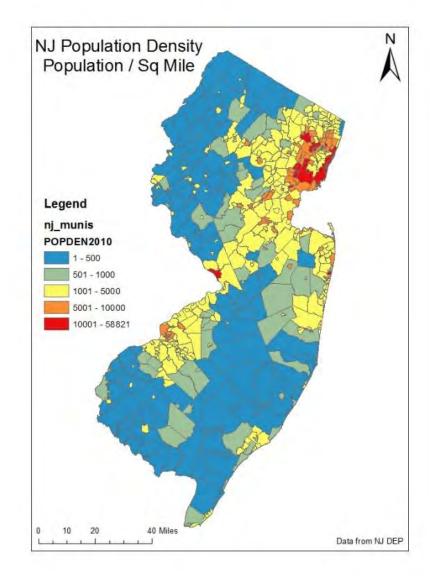
There are more reports around forested areas than around agricultural areas

# **Population Density**

Rank	Incorporated place	Metropolitan area	State	Population (2010 census)	Land area (mi <sup>2</sup> )	Population density (people per mi <sup>2</sup> )
1	Guttenberg	New York City	New Jersey	11,176	0.19	<del>58,82</del> 1
 2	Union City	New York City	New Jersey	66,455	1.27	52,326.7
3	West New York	New York City	New Jersey	49,708	1.02	48,733.3
4	Hoboken	New York City	New Jersey	50,005	1.28	39,066.4
5	Kaser	New York City	New York	4,724	0.17	27,788.2
6	New York City	New York City	New York	8,175,133	302.6	27,016.3
7	Cliffside Park	New York City	New Jersey	23,594	0.96	24,577.1
8	East Newark	New York City	New Jersey	2,406	0.10	24,060
9	Maywood	Los Angeles	California	27,395	1.18	23,216.1
10	Passaic	New York City	New Jersey	69,781	3.11	22,437.6
11	Great Neck Plaza	New York City	New York	6,707	0.31	21,635.4
12	North Bay Village	Miami	Florida	7,137	0.33	21,627.2
13	Cudahy	Los Angeles	California	23,805	1.12	21,254.4
14	Huntington Park	Los Angeles	California	58,114	3.03	19,179.5
15	Somerville	Boston	Massachusetts	75,754	4.11	18,431.6
16	West Hollywood	Los Angeles	California	34,399	1.88	18,297.3
17	Irvington <sup>[b]</sup>	New York City	New Jersey	53,926	2.96	18,218.2
18	Poplar Hills	Louisville	Kentucky	362	0.02	18,100.0





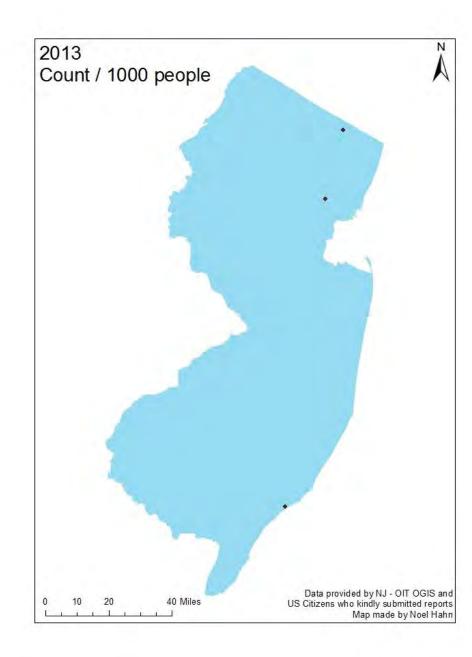


# Crowdsourced reports and Population Density

- NJ is the most densely populated state
- Varied population density throughout state

### 2010 Census data

- Calculated reports per 1000 people in each municipality
  - Count(of reports) / population \* 1000



# **Future directions**

- Crowdsourced data will continue to be explored alongside trap capture data
- Occupancy models
  - Presence-only data
- Further investigation of other contributions to rise and dip in reports

### Inherent Problems With The Data

### Issues with participants

- Familiar with BMSB
- Loss of interest
- Natural population fluctuations
- Population densities

# Acknowledgements

Committee members

- Dr. George Hamilton
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- Dr. Anne Nielsen
- Dean Polk
- Dr. Rick Lathrop

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- Kris Holmstrom
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- US citizens

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Mapping

Alex Kaufman