

IR-4 BMSB Efficacy Study, 2011

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Study Director: Keith Dorschner

Researchers:

- Galen Dively Peppers
- George Hamilton, Ann Rucker -Peaches and Apples
- Tom Kuhar Peppers
- Doug Pfieffer Raspberries
- Joanne Whalen -

Sweet corn





IR-4 Efficacy Study

- The application rate remained the same in all crops.
- The number and timing of the applications varied, dependent on the crop.
- Other insecticides were evaluated in several of the trials.





Treatments

Dinotefuran (Venom 70SG)	116 g/A
Dinotefuan	116 g/A
+ PBO*	5 fl.oz./A
Etofenprox (Trebon 280 g/l SG)	237 ml/A
Etofenprox	237 ml/A
+ PBO*	5 fl.oz./A
Untreated	
Standard	
*Piperonyl butoxide =	
Exponent Insecticide Synergie	st





- 'John Boy' peaches at the Bridgeton, NJ AG REC
- 6 apps, from first significant damage to 3 Day PHI
- Visual 3 min. counts of BMSB taken
- High BMSB pressure, but low counts
- Fruit evaluated for damage at harvest (peeled & cut)
- Treatments showed significantly less damage than control, except for Trebon alone
- Addition of PBO reduced fruit damage at high end, + 10 stings. Equal to Danitol, the standard





Tom Freiberger

- 'Roma' apples at the Cream Ridge NJ AG REC
- 3 apps, from first significant damage to 3 Day PHI
- Visual 3 min. counts of BMSB taken
- High BMSB pressure, but low counts
- Fruit evaluated for damage at harvest (peeled & cut)
- Venom + PBO had significantly more fruit without sting damage
- Trebon + PBO had significantly lower average number of stings/fruit





- 'Paladin' bell peppers at the Central MD Research Farm, Beltsville, MD
- 3 apps on July 7, August 9 & 16
- Evaluations made on July 13, Aug. 4, 8, 15 & 23
- Light BMSB pressure, but both Venom & Etofenprox with or w/o PBO significantly reduced BMSB populations
- Fruit evaluated for damage July 13, Aug. 8, 15 & 23
- Venom with or w/o PBO sign. reduced damage.
 Neither Trebon treatment reduced damage





- 'Aristotle' bell peppers at the VT Kentland Farm
- 4 apps on August 1, 6, 15, 25
- BMSB were 90% of stink bugs per visual estimate
- High BMSB pressure, > 20%
- Fruit evaluated for damage Aug. 9 & 19, Sept. 1
- Only significant differences on Aug. 9 when Trebon + PBO, Venom + PBO, Danitol and Belay significantly reduced fruit damage





Raspberries – Doug Pfeiffer

- Raspberries, VT Kentland Farm
- Treatments sprayed in 1.2 m section of plot
- 10 BMSB paced on caged raspberry stem
- Counts made at 1, 2 3 and 6 days after treatment
- Cumulative % mortality of BMSB significantly better with all 4 treatments and malathion. Addition of the PBO not significantly better, but warrants further research.





Cumulative % mortality of BMSB with Pesticides.





Sweet corn – Joanne Whalen

- 'WSS0987" Bt Sweet corn UDEL Newark research farm
- Three apps: tassel emergence, grn silk and brown silk
- BMSB counted pre-app and and 3 days post-app.
- Aug, 1 ears harvested, husked and evaluated for blemished kernels.
- Low pressure: 0 to 1.5 average # BMSB/plant pre-app.
- No significant differences between treatments after each application. The total number of BMSB does drop over the course of the three applications:

Untreated # BMSB/plant

- July 11, 0.25
- July 25, 0.09





- BMSB populations were lower than in 2010, especially towards the end of the season.
- There is some evidence that dinotefuran (Venom) and/ or etofenprox (Trebon) control BMSB.
- The addition of PBO may improve efficacy of both products.
- Additional research is needed.
- Some other products that showed promise were: malation, Belay, Danitol and Actara 25WG.

