

eFly Northeastern IPM Working Group **Spotted Wing Drosophila**

Cornell University, NY, September 16, 2014 Quebec update

Liette Lambert, MAPAQ, Montreal













Collaborators:

Quebec Ministry of Agriculture (MAPAQ)

Christian Lacroix, Québec Dominique Choquette, Estrie AND

Nathalie Roullé, entomologist, PELI Annabelle Firlej, entomologist, IRDA Weekly updates

By June until end of Sept.

No counts, just presence (in red) or absence



ACV - ethanol (90%-10%)

N° kit	Dámian		Date de relevé des pièges			Semaines
de piégeage	Région administrative	MRC	24 août au 30 août	31 août au 6 septembre	7 au 13 septembre	cumulatives avec captures
11	Bas-Saint-Laurent	Rivière-du-Loup		(framboise)	(framboise)	3
12	Bas-Saint-Laurent	La Matapédia				0
13	Saguenay-Lac-Saint-Jean	Le Domaine-du-Roy	(framboise)	• (framboise)	-	4
14	Capitale-Nationale	L'Île d'Orléans		• (framboise)	• (framboise)	5
15	Capitale-Nationale	La Côte-de-Beaupré		• (framboise)	• (framboise)	2
16	Capitale-Nationale	Portneuf	♡ (fraise)	• (fraise)	-	2
17	Mauricie	Les Chenaux	(framboise)	• (framboise)	-	4
18	Mauricie	Trois-Rivières	(framboise)	• (framboise)	-	4
19	Estrie	Coaticook	• (bleuet)	• (bleuet)	-	3
20	Estrie	Le Val-Saint-François	(framboise)	• (framboise)	• (framboise)	3
21	Outaouais	Les Collines-de-l'Outaouais	-	-	-	1
22	Gaspésie-Îles-de-la-Madeleine	Bonaventure	♡ (fraise)		-	0
23	Chaudière-Appalaches	Robert-Cliche	(framboise)	• (framboise)	-	2
24	Chaudière-Appalaches	L'Islet		• (framboise)	• (framboise)	2
25	Chaudière-Appalaches	Lévis	• (fraise)	• (fraise)	-	5
26	Montréal-Laval-Lanaudière	D'Autray	(framboise)	• (framboise)	• (framboise)	3
27	Montréal-Laval-Lanaudière	Laval	(framboise)	• (framboise)	• (framboise)	7
28	Laurentides	Mirabel	• (mûre)	• (mûre)	-	4
29	Laurentides	Mirabel	(framboise)	• (framboise)	-	4
30	Laurentides	Thérèse-De Blainville	(framboise)	• (framboise)	-	4
31	Montérégie-Est	Brome-Missisquoi	(fraise)	• (fraise)	• (fraise)	7
32	Montérégie-Est	Rouville	♥ (framboise)	• (framboise)	-	3
33	Centre-du-Québec	Nicolet-Yamaska	• (fraise)	• (fraise)	-	3
34	Centre-du-Québec	Arthabaska	(bleuet)	• (bleuet)	• (bleuet)	4
35	Montérégie-Ouest	Le-Haut-Saint-Laurent	• (bleuet)	-	-	2
36	Montérégie-Ouest	Beauharnois-Salaberry	• (framboise)	• (framboise)	-	5

Légende :

- □ = DAT absente
- = DAT présente
- = relevé non disponible

- Provincial network (RAP): 26 of 26 sites with captures
- Consultants, extension, growers,: cover over 200 sites in the province

Brunswick

Frederictor

Adult SWD caught in the north of the province in raspberries in mid-August (2013 and 2014)



Température minimale atteinte en 2014 (°C)

Mariana Walkerina						
Station Météo	Région	1 ^{er} au 7 janvier	19 au 25 janvier			
Saint-Arsène	Bas-Saint-Laurent	-31,0	-23,9			
Satin-François, I.O.	Capitale-Nationale	-31,3	-26,8			
Nicolet	Centre-du-Québec	-33,7	-27,0			
Beauceville	Chaudière-Appalaches	-34,9	-33,6			
Saint-Michel	Chaudière-Appalaches	-35,5 - 3 1	-29,5			
Coaticook	Estrie	-28,5	-30,5			
L'Assomption	Lanaudière	-29,7 - 22	-30,2			
Saint-Thomas-de-Caxton	Mauricie	-37,0	-32,0			
Champlain	Mauricie	-33,0	-28,0			
Granby	Montérégie-Est	-28,0	-28,5			
L'Açadie	Montérégie-Ouest	-27,9	-28,0			
Alma	Saguenay-Lac-Saint-Jean	-46,0 _ 51	0 -32,0			

2014:

Corner Brook

Start trapping: early June

Edward Island

- First capture: still around Mid-july (similar in 2012-2013-2014)
- LESS SWD and LESS pesticides
- More Monitoring based on salt tests <u>'larvae float-out' method for fruits</u>

Note: First captures were in the same strawberry field since 2012!

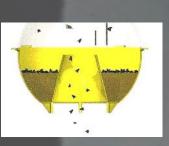
The 3 main traps used in the province of Quebec



Droso-trap from Biobest

JP-trap (homemade)









Now available in english_2014

Click here: <u>SWD_BOOKLET</u>

www.lutteintegree.com/IMG/pdf/swd_booklet_quebec_2014.pdf

The Spotted Wing Drosophila is Attacking our Berries



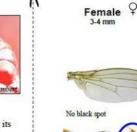
Drosophila suzukii

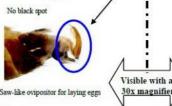
Drosophile à ailes tachetées (Quebec) Drosophile du cerisier (France)



. The Spotted Wing Drosophila (SWD) is the only fruit fly in Québec to lay its eggs in healthy ripening fruit (except blueberry maggot).

- . The eggs, larvae and some pupae then develop inside the fruit, causing a rapid deterioration. Many larvae can be found in a single fruit.
- Very high multiplication rate, rapid development and many generations per year.
- First observed in Québec in October 2010. Since 2012, first captures of the season have been from early to mid July. Damage has been observed in the late berry crops from August to September.





- At the end of the season, some adults are smaller - Some males have no spot on their wings

1 black spot at the tip of each wing

Male O 2-3 mm

2 black spots on the front legs

For more information, click here.

Spotted Wing Drosophila

Nathalie Roullé, biol.-entomologist Pôle d'Excellence en lutte intégrée

(PELI)

Roxana Bindea, agronomist

Life cycle

3-15 days

3-15 days : 2-3 mm (outside or inside the



3 larval stages

Pupae

2-72 hours; The two visible filaments outside the fruit are breathing tubes

8 to 10 days at 25°C. 21 to 25 days at 15°C.

Adults live for over 60 days



DO NOT CONFUSE

30x magnifier



Prominent ovipositor for SWD and usually very small for other drosophila.



Stripes on the abdomen are full lines for SWD and are broken lines for certain other drosophila.

Diptera (Fly family) = No head or legs



Respiratory tubes are a characteristic for Drosophila, including SWD



Blueberry maggot (Rhagoletis mendax)

Other larvae (head is visible)

Plum curculio

Spotted Wing Drosophila

Agriculture, Pêcheries et Alimentation Québec 🏝 🏝



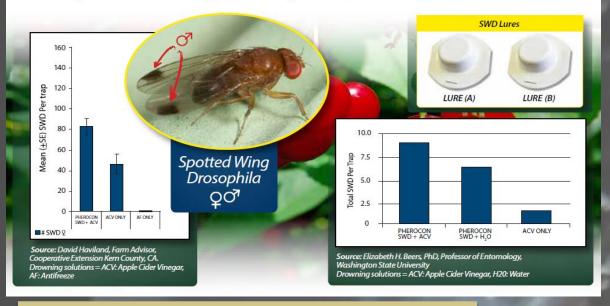


Spotted Wing Drosophila





The <u>NEW Monitoring System for</u> Spotted Wing Drosophila, Drosophila suzukii





Tested on 1 site (Southwest Montreal):

1-TRECE with water

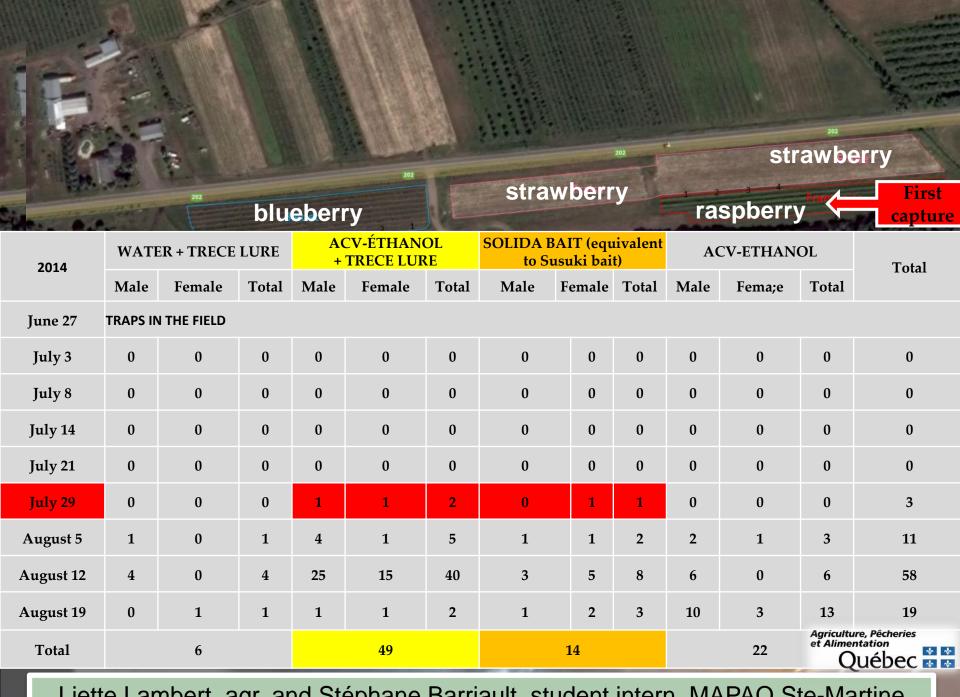
2-TRECE with ACV-ethanol

3- ACV-ethanol

4- Solida bait (equivalent toSusuki trap bait, as evaluated by Richard Cowles,)

Solida bait caught LESS insects, less SWD, with an early detection





Liette Lambert, agr. and Stéphane Barriault, student intern, MAPAQ Ste-Martine

2 year project: 2014-2015 Testing baits to develop a mass trapping system in fall raspberries



2 year project (2014-2015):

Testing baits to develop a mass trapping system in fall raspberries

- Objective: Evaluate the effects of different baits/lures with an insecticide on SWD catptures (attract vs attract and kill strategy)
- 7 sites located in different areas across the province
- 2 traps / farm with 5 treatments / site: 70 traps

2014: Testing baits (starting mid-August up to the end of September)

T1: ACV-ethanol

T2: ACV + Trece dual-lure

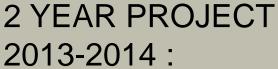
T3: Yeast-sugar mix

T4: Kombucha

T5: Kombucha + vaportape II



Annabelle Firlej
Franz Vanoosthuyse
Liette Lambert
Jacques Painchaud
Daniel Cormier



Net Exclusion in Highbush Blueberry Field:

a Solution to Protect Crop from Spotted Wing Drosophila?

on organic farm (Bluecrop cv)





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Net exclusion to control SWD in highbush blueberries

Objectives of the Study

Testing net exclusion as a pest management strategy

- Prior study in Japan on mesh size (Kawase & Uchino 2005)
- Experiment on blueberry farms in Japan (Kawase et al. 2008)
 - Testing efficiency of nets to protect the crop from SWD infestation
 - Impact on the fruit (caliber, brix and yield)
 - Impact on other pests (not yet analyzed)

Collaboration with Dubois Agrinovation

Proteknet: mesh of 1.00 x 0.60 mm - 80gr/m²





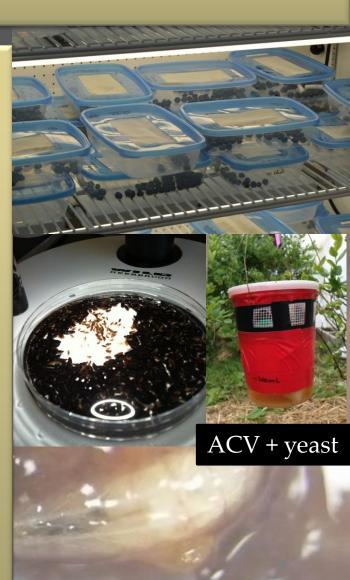
Results: Net exclusion to control SWD in highbush blueberries

Annabelle.firlej@irda.qc.ca

- SWD population in summer 2013 and 2014
 - 0 SWD adults in traps under the net until the end of the experiment
 - A mean of 200 Drosophila spp. and 10
 SWD per trap in control plots each week
 - 0% of fruit infested under the net until the end of the experiment
 - Over 70% of fruits infested in control plot at the last harvest

It works!

- Effect on the fruit and bushes
 - No effects on Brix, yield and damages from other pests or diseases
 - Data on calibre and leaf photosynthesis are under analysis





Project: SIT (Sterile Insect Technique) applied to SWD

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- Atomic agency of Vienna, Austria (AIEA) started experiments to irradiate SWD
 - Under discussion to avoid duplication in experiment
- In Quebec, three year project to evaluate the potential of SIT
 - Team: Annabelle Firlej, Jacques Brodeur, François Fournier, Véronique Martel
 - Objectives:
 - SWD rearing on artificial diet
 - Protocol for sterilization (age of pupae, doseresponse)
 - Study of irradiated male competiveness in laboratory and semi-field conditions (multiple mating, sperm precedence...)









PIERRE LAFONTAINE, agr., Ph.D.

Director and Researcher, CIEL

2 year project on SWD (2014-2015):

1- Evaluation of the addition of sugar to insecticides:

Pyganic, Delegate, Entrust, Malathion, Ripcord

2- Testing insecticide efficacy:

Delegate, Danitol, Bioceres (*Beauveria bassiana*) Suffoil-X, Pure Green, Entrust, Exirel, Movento, Evergreen, Matador, Ripcord

FUTURE RESEARCH IDEAS

- -In Italian cherry orchards, they use the <u>net exclusion</u> as a fence without a cover over the crop. Would it be possible in blueberry fields?
- -Studies on symbiotic <u>Wolbachia</u> bacteria? Currently being evaluated in France.
- -Repellents? Garlic or any others (need a registration in Canada)
- -Attract-and-kill strategies.....



THANK YOU!

For information:

Liette Lambert, agronomist
Berry and greenhouse crop specialist

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